

Hot Topics for 2024 and Update on the PFAS Restriction

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Ales Bartl

- ◆ Ales has a broad experience in EU product regulatory law, including REACH, CLP, POPs, biocidal legislation, food law, medical devices, electronic products, and product and food safety. He advises on regulatory compliance of a broad range of products marketed in the EU and represents clients before EU and national competent authorities on compliance and enforcement issues. Ales also advises on product recalls and withdrawals.
- ◆ Ales primarily focuses on EU regulation of chemicals and food, including representing clients in various procedures before the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) and European Food Safety Authority (EFSA).

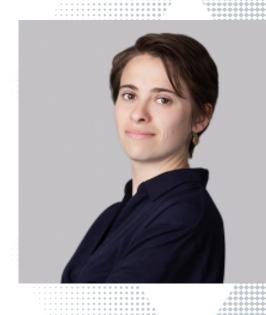




Marie Escorneboueu

- Marie Escorneboueu counsels clients on regulatory and compliance matters related to food and drug law, with an emphasis on food and drug packaging, cosmetics, chemical control, and environmental issues.
- ◆ She assists companies in obtaining regulatory clearances for food-contact materials at the European Union (EU) and Member State level and advises clients with respect to mutual recognition. She also advises companies on sustainability initiatives; REACH matters; the Classification, Labelling, and Packaging (CLP) Regulation; and Biocidal Products Regulation (BPR).









REACH



REACH Revision



REACH revision timeline modified

- Initially expected by end of 2022, delayed twice until end of 2023
 - No longer appearing in <u>Commission 2024 Work programme</u>
 - Left for the new Commission

Guidance on essential uses

- COM officially announced horizontal guidance determining exemptions from group bans for certain essential uses
 - Based on <u>WSP report</u>
- Text ready at the technical level, awaiting final decision
- Published before the elections?

One Substance One Assessment



- Pilot project (ECHA/EFSA): butylated hydroxy toluene (BHT)
 - Antioxidant, used in a range of consumer uses, including food additive, cosmetics...
 - CLH as a sole ground for determining hazard (BHT is under assessment for ED)
 - ♦ <u>EFSA</u>: only exposure assessment, no other determination of hazard and risk

PFAS Restriction (1)



End of consultation phase

- Consultation phase closed on 25 September 2023
- In principle:
 - RAC opinion and SEAC draft opinion to be issued by the end of 2023
 - SEAC to final opinion by March 2024, following a consultation
- However, special circumstances:
 - Unprecedented number of comments submitted
 - Unprecedented scope of the restriction
 - Contested aspects (e.g., fluoropolymers; exemptions)

PFAS Restriction (2)



- (draft) SEAC opinion crucial as it will be subject to second public consultation
- Status of discussions in RAC and SEAC (60th SEAC Meeting Minutes, 66th RAC Meeting Minutes)
 - SEAC work plan for 2024 not yet publicly available
 - Likely outcome:
 - SEAC discussions organised sector by sector
 - SEAC opinion will be published in parts
 - First part: food contact materials (March 2024?)
 - Consumer mixtures, cosmetics, and ski wax (later)
 - Other applications (even later)
 - ♦ Our estimation: second public consultation on draft SEAC opinion: likely Q1 2025
 - Consequence: significant delays, final Regulation not likely before 2030
 - Question marks whether the wide scope will be kept (fluoropolymers?)

Additives in PVC (1)



Investigation launched by COM in May 2022

- Current status of PVC additives under REACH:
 - Existing restrictions: certain phtalates, organotins
 - Potential restrictions under investigation: medium-chain chlorinated paraffins, flame retardants, orthophthalates
- ♦ COM considering broader restriction:
 - Aim to target alternative substances used to replace banned additives
 - Focus on PVC microparticles
 - To define the scope of the potential restriction, COM requested ECHA to investigation

Additives in PVC (2)



ECHA Report, 22 November 2023:

- Additives concerned:
 - List of 63 'prioritised' PVC additives (incl. 19 ortho-phtalates)
 - Belonging to three main classes: heat stabilisers (organotins), platicisers, flame retardants
 - Focusing on additives which: 1) contain constitutents already identified as ED or reprotox, 2) have data showing ED/reprotox effects; and/or 3) for which direct read-across/grouping can be applied
- Applications investigated:
 - Pipes, flooring, cables, window frames, packaging, toys, medical applications, artificial leather

Additives in PVC (3)



Conclusions

- Priority additives grouped for concern
- Restrictions for some warranted without CLH or SVHC listing, coupled potentially with other measures
- Microparticles: ECHA recommends measures to minimise on-site releases, focusing on recycling (not under REACH likely)

Next steps (ECHA rolling action plan 2024)

- ♦ COM to issue mandate for ECHA restriction dossier preparation by Q3 2024
- ♦ ECHA report expected Q4 2025

Bisphenols



- German restriction proposal: (COM Rolling action plan)
 - Group restriction on bisphenols having ED (env) properties
 - Withdrawn on 31 August 2023, following receipt of information submitted during consultation
 - New report to be issued date unknown
- ECHA assessment of need for action: (COM Rolling action plan)
 - COM and ECHA assessing need for further regulatory action (incl. Restrictions, SVHC identification or CLH)
 - Hazards targeted: reprotox, ED (human health)

Microplastics



- Restriction in force since October 2023 for non-exempted uses
- Commission announced comprehensive Q/A document by the end of 2023
- Some interpretational issues:
 - Commission website: glittered decorative objects (with no intentional release of glitter) covered. Extensive interpretation of ECHA Guidance on Articles?

CLP



- Proposal pending before the EP and the Council
 - Parliament adopted its position on 4 October 2023
 - ♦ EP and Council reached provisional agreement on 5 December 2023:
 - Clarifies that the regulation also applies to online sales
 - Physical labels remain the principle, digital labels the exception
 - Alignment of provisions re: hazard classes with other ongoing legislative intiatives
 - Agreement now needs to be endorsed by both institutions





Pending Proposals



Preventing Plastic Pellets Losses (1)



- Proposal for a Regulation on preventing plastic pellet losses to reduce microplastic pollution, 16 October 2023
 - ♦ COM 2022 consultation:
 - COM identified at the time three priority targets: tyres, textiles, pellets
 - Decision not to pursue with tyres (covered by EURO 7) and textiles (remaining uncertainties and data gaps)
 - Proposal exclusively focusing on pellets losses:
 - Ensure that losses are avoided and when they occur, take immediate action to remedy it
 - Targeting economic operators handling > 5 tonnes pellets per year in the EU and carriers transporting pellets in the EU

Preventing Plastic Pellets Losses (2)



General obligations

- Ensure that losses are avoided and when they occur, take immediate action
- Notify the competent authority each installation they operate

Handling of plastic pellets

- Establishment of a risk assessment plan for each installation:
 - Content set out under Annex I: site map, identification of locations where spills may occur, equipment and measures in place to prevent, contain, and clean spills
 - Plan is notified to the MS where the installation is based
 - For SMEs and medium and large companies' installations handling < 1000 tonnes of pellets each year, plan and DoC updated every 5 years
 - For medium and large companies' installations handling > 1000 tonnes of pellets, update every year

Preventing Plastic Pellets Losses (3)



Certification

- ♦ Based on <u>Clean Sweep programme</u>
- Obligation for large companies (> 1000 tonnes of pellets) to obtain a certificate of compliance for each installation
- For others, self-declaration only

Complaint mechanism

MS to set complaint mechanism for natural and legal persons « having a sufficient interest » or « those who consider that their rights were impaired»

Next steps:

- Pending before EP and Council
- Consultation running until 18 December 2023

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products (1)



- Proposal for a Regulation establishing a framework for setting ecodesign requirements for sustainable products ('ESPR')
 - Current Ecodesign Directive limited to 'energy-related products'
 - ♦ ESPR requirements to be extended to broader range of products
 - COM identified potential sectors to be covered:
 - End-use products: ceramic products, lubricants, paints and varnishes, cosmetics ... packaging mentioned as well for aspects not covered by PPWR
 - Intermediary products: chemicals, plastics and polymers, paper, pulp paper and boards...
 - <u>Horizontal measures</u>: durability, recyclability ...
 - This is just a framework Regulation: specific measures for specific products defined via delegated acts

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products (2)



Ecodesign requirements relate to the following aspects

- Durability, reliability, reusability, upgradability, reparability;
- ♦ Presence of substances of concern;
- Energy and resource efficiency, carbon and environmental footprint;
- Expected waste generation, recyclability;

Criteria will include

- Performance criteria
- Information: re: compliance, substances of concern, and Digital Product Passport ('DPP')

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products (3)



Information on substances of concern

- Tracking of « all substances of concern » throughout the life cycle
- ♦ COM to define which substances are targeted in the sector-specific acts

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products (4)



Digital Product Passport

♦ See our <u>August REACH 30/30</u>

Next steps

- Provisional agreement between EP and Council reached on 5 December
- Adoption expected by end of 2024

Detergents Regulation



Revision of sectoral chemicals legislation in the CSS

 Announces revision of the food contact materials, food additives, toys, detergents, and cosmetics legislation

First initiative issued is a <u>Proposal revising the Detergents Regulation</u>

- Mandatory conformity assessment (CE marking)
- Creation of a digital product passport:
 - Ingredient data sheet including all intentionally added substances and preservatives listed under Annex V of the Proposal
 - Product identifier, manufacturer identity ...
 - Accessible to end-users and authorities through a data carrier
 - Uploaded in ESPR registry





Upcoming Proposals



Cosmetics



Cosmetic Products Regulation revision Roadmap – October 2021

- Revision of <u>Regulation (EC) No. 1223/2009</u>, announced in the CSS, aiming to:
 - Align the Cosmetics Regulation with the goals set under the CSS
 - Extend the generic approach to risk management
 - CMRs, Eds, PBT first
 - In a second stage, chemicals affecting the immune, neurological, or respiratory system and chemicals toxic to a specific organ
 - Reattribute tasks of the SCCS to ECHA (in line with OSOA approach)
 - Review the definition of nanomaterials

Timeline

Proposal planned for Q4 2022, postponed since with no defined date

Food Contact Legislation



Pillars of the revision

- Shift focus onto final material: producers assess safety with full knowledge of substances that can migrate
- Prioritisation of substances of concern:
 - Tiered approach with direct prohibition of CMRs, EDs, PBTs and vPvBs
- Sustainability (e.g., ecodesign requirements)

Next steps

Proposal expected in 2024 at the earliest



Thank You Any questions?

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