

Review Commission Vacated Lockout Citation Based on Supervision and Enforcement

June 15, 2022

Manesh Rath

★Keller&
Heckman

Manesh Rath is a partner in Keller and Heckman's litigation and OSHA practice groups. He has been the lead amicus counsel on several cases before the U.S. Supreme Court including *Staub v. Proctor Hospital* and *Vance v. Ball State University*.

Mr. Rath is a co-author of three books in the fields of wage/hour law, labor and employment law, and OSHA law. He has been quoted or interviewed in *The Wall Street Journal*, Bloomberg, *Smart Money* magazine, *Entrepreneur* magazine, on "PBS's Nightly Business Report," and C-SPAN.

Mr. Rath currently serves on the Board of Advisors for the National Federation of Independent Business (NFIB) Small Business Legal Center. He served on the Society For Human Resources (SHRM) Special Expertise Panel for Safety and Health law for several years.

He was voted by readers to Smart CEO Magazine's Readers' Choice List of Legal Elite; by fellow members to The Best Lawyers in America 2016, 2017 and 2018; selected by Super Lawyers 2016 – 2017, 2017 – 2018; and by corporate counsel as the 2017 Lexology winner of the Client Choice Award.



Taylor Johnson

Taylor Johnson is an environmental lawyer specializing in the area of environmental regulation of products, including chemical control, pesticides, energy efficiency regulation, and importantly, domestic and international transportation of hazardous materials. Mr. Johnson also advises clients on community-right-to-know laws, Proposition 65, occupational safety and health matters, and supports a wide variety of commercial tort and other litigation issues.

Mr. Johnson has special expertise in the area of hazardous materials transport, including enforcement defense and compliance counseling. Mr. Johnson helps companies secure competent authority approvals, special permits, and letters of interpretation from regulatory authorities around the world. He has also prepared successful petitions to PHMSA on behalf of shippers seeking regulatory relief.

Prior to joining Keller and Heckman, Mr. Johnson promoted the development of energy and environmental legislation and policy at the state level.





Topics to be Discussed:



Factual Background

Proving Constructive Knowledge

Defining Reasonable Diligence

What Employers Should Do

Off the Record

Factual Background

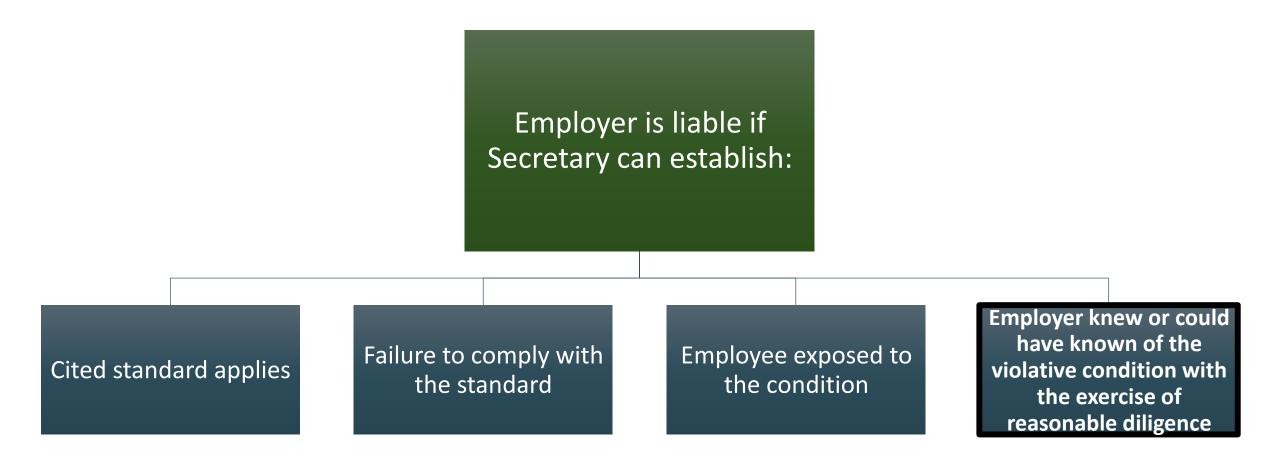




- AJM Packaging Corporation manufactures paper plates and bowls at its facility in Vineland, New Jersey
- In May 2016, an employee suffered an amputation injury while clearing a paper jam on one of the facility's machines
 - Previous employee amputation with similar fact pattern in 2015
 - OSHA inspected the facility and issued a oneitem, four-instance repeat citation alleging a violation of a provision of the lockout/tagout (LOTO) standard

Secretary Must Prove





Employer Knowledge:

Should AJM have known that employees raised the PCM's scrap chute to clear paper jams?



Constructive Knowledge





- OSHA must prove that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, the employer should have known the conditions constitution the violation
- OSHA needs to show employer knowledge that the physical condition existed
 - Employer does not need to be aware of a specific OSHA regulation or of probable consequences violation
 © 2022 Keller and Heckman LLP

Reasonable Diligence **Implement** Work Rules Enforce Train on **Work Rules** Work Rules Reasonable Diligence Anticipate Supervise Hazards employees 22 Keller and Heckman LLP

AJM established work rule to "NEVER raise the scrap chute to clear a jam"

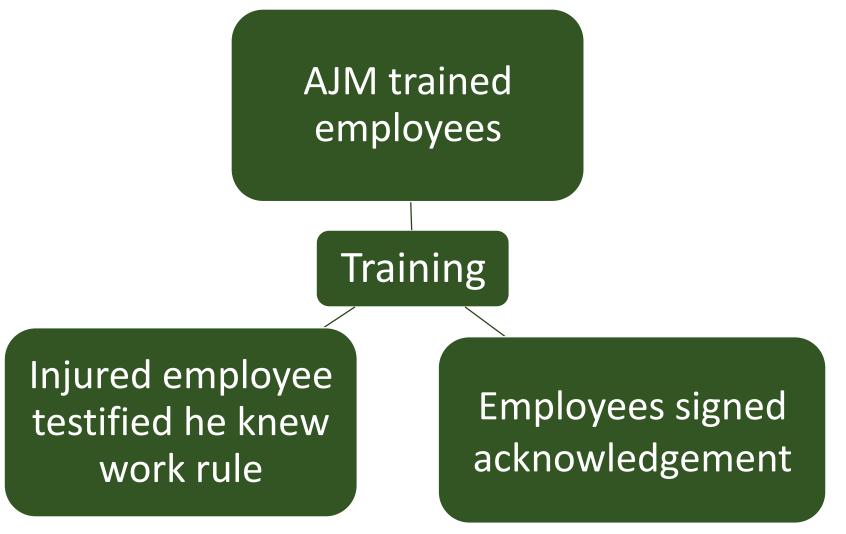


Work Rule

OSHRC found AJM's work rule fulfills LOTO requirements

Work rule provided another way to clear jams





AJM supervisors spent the majority of their time on the production floor



Supervision

OSHRC found OSHA failed to establish that AJM's continuous safety monitoring by multiple supervisors was inadequate

Evidence does not support OSHA's claim that a raise scrap chute would have been readily apparent to any supervisor walking the production floor

AJM argued no need for employees to lift scrap chute



Anticipation of Hazards

AJM had no reason to believe employees would violate work rule

Prior incident lead AJM to establish work rule AJM has progressive disciplinary policy



Enforcement

OSHRC found Secretary failed to prove case

AJM documented disciplinary measures

What Employers Should Do



Establish work rules to prevent reoccurring injuries

Clearly train employees and document their training

Supervisors should spend the majority of time observing and monitoring workers

Regularly review and update safety and health policies and procedures

Document all disciplinary measures



The entire library of prior OSHA 30/30s at:

www.khlaw.com/OSHA3030

More From the OSHA 30/30:





The OSHA 30/30 is available on Youtube! Subscribe to Keller and Heckman today



Connect with us on LinkedIn: Manesh Rath and Taylor Johnson



The OSHA 30/30 is now available as a Podcast! Find it on your favorite podcast platform













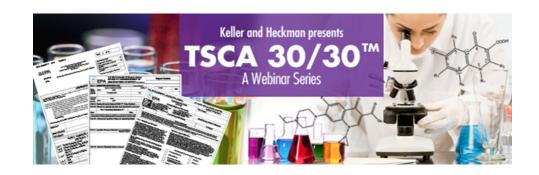
Please join us

at 1:00 PM Eastern U.S.

July 20, 2022

www.khlaw.com/OSHA3030





Please join us at 1:00 PM Eastern U.S. Wednesday, July 13, 2022

www.khlaw.com/TSCA-3030



Please join us at 1:35 PM Eastern U.S. Wednesday, August 10, 2022 www.khlaw.com/REACH-3030







Next session to be scheduled www.khlaw.com/FIFRA-3030





Manesh Rath
Partner

1001 G Street N.W. Ste. 500W 202.434.4182 rath@khlaw.com



Taylor Johnson
Associate

1001 G Street N.W. Ste. 500W 202.434.4255 johnsont@khlaw.com

